

## Restriction on Basic Rights and Freedom and Legal Reservation — “Restrictions on restriction”

António Malheiro de Magalhães

(pp. 691)

*Under what condition can basic rights and freedom be restricted? According to section 2, article 40th of Basic Law, “The rights and freedoms enjoyed by Macao residents shall not be restricted unless as prescribed by law. “ But the requirements of the restriction are not concluded. How can we understand the restrictions on the legal restriction? The thesis provides a review of how the restrictions on basic rights and freedom can be restricted and discusses the required condition for restricted legal reservation and implementation of regulation power. The thesis also discusses impose of legal restriction prescribed by “previous effective laws” on essential basic rights*

## How Administrative Service Center Promotes Service Oriented Government: Comparison of Mainland and Macau

Xu Yuanyuan and Jiang Shengzhen

(pp. 725)

*Administrative Service center is a new institution emerging from China’s reform of the administrative approval system. After years of operation, some progress has been made while there are also problems. Macao government also launched administrative reforms recently, among which constructing a service oriented government is an important part. Establishing Service Center for Citizens is a crucial step in constructing a service oriented government. Therefore it is very significant to learn from the lessons and experiences of mainland in operation of administrative service center and promote the reform of public administration in Macao.*

## Application of Psychological Test in Civil Servant Recruitment of Macao SAR

Chang Heng Peng

(pp. 743)

*The article discusses the application of “psychological test” in recruiting civil servants in Macao SAR. According to related public laws and regula-*

tions of Macao, psychological test is one of the legitimate ways of selection and any applicant who could not pass the psychological test during the civil servant recruitment will be considered as “eliminated”. Put it another way, if psychological test is required, then an applicant must pass the test to be recruited. Therefore, “psychological lab” was founded by Bureau of Administration and Public Service of Macao (SAFP) in 1993 as an attempt to apply the method and techniques of psychology and help administrative agencies select appropriate personnel. The lab developed to “Evaluation Center of Public Administrators, Macau SAR” in 2005. The article will discuss the experience and problems of “psychological lab” during its decades of operation and offer suggestions.

## Drug Crime in Macao and its Countermeasures

Chau Wai Kuong

(pp. 753)

*Dealing with drug crime in Macao is an urgent task and ranks always ahead in government agenda. Macao is not a production or major sales place for drugs but a transferring station for drugs, which makes the drug strategy of Macao quite unique yet challenging. The article analyzes the current situation of Macao in drug and crime, and argues that due to changing mode of drug trafficking, to conduct operation against drug crime requires international as well as regional cooperation in terms of information exchange and jointly enforcement. The government should also update its techniques in detecting crimes. The article offers specific policy recommendations for Macao government in drug enforcement, anti-drug educations, and rehabilitation for drug addicts.*

## Portuguese Publication in Macao and the Connection of Law in Macao SAR and Social Reality

José Miguel Encarnação

(pp. 767)

*Based on official data and recognized historical resources, the article investigates the Portuguese publication in Macao SAR and discusses the connection of current law and social situation of Macao. The article can be divided into four parts: (1) How are legislation and local media affiliated with Macao SAR government and their relationship? The author listed all relevant laws in Macao and argues that the Portuguese culture in Macao is part of tangible culture but also resembles itself in political, social and cultural atti-*

vities; (2) *The situation and history in Macao*. The author introduces all the publications, activities held, readers and distribution volume; (3) *Publication principle as required by law*; (4) *history of Portuguese publications in Macao*. The article helps reader to gain a comprehensive understanding of the local Portuguese publication.

### **Pioneers in the trip from US to Macao: Diary of Samuel Shaw 1754-1794**

Rogério Miguel Puga

(pp. 789)

*After serving in Independent War, Samuel Shaw visited China from 1754-1794. He recorded in detail his opinion on the business exchange of America and China, lifestyle of Chinese people and their interest claim in his diary during his years of living in South China. Due to some restrictions, he had to stay in Macao, which gives him plenty of time to experience this international metropolitan area. Samuel Shaw's diary is the earliest document by Americans about Macao. The article probes the diary's recording about Macao residents and Portuguese in the Far East, and analyzes this cargo manager and diplomat's narration of South China.*